

## Datasheet: 5315-0456

<b>Description:</b>	GOAT ANTI INFLUENZA A H3N2
<b>Specificity:</b>	INFLUENZA A H3N2
<b>Format:</b>	Purified
<b>Product Type:</b>	Polyclonal Antibody
<b>Isotype:</b>	Polyclonal IgG
<b>Quantity:</b>	1 ml

## Product Details

### Applications

This product has been reported to work in the following applications. This information is derived from testing within our laboratories, peer-reviewed publications or personal communications from the originators. Please refer to references indicated for further information. For general protocol recommendations, please visit [www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/protocols](http://www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/protocols).

	Yes	No	Not Determined	Suggested Dilution
Flow Cytometry			▪	
Immunohistology - Frozen			▪	
Immunohistology - Paraffin			▪	
ELISA			▪	
Western Blotting			▪	
Immunofluorescence	▪			
Haemagglutination	▪			

Where this product has not been tested for use in a particular technique this does not necessarily exclude its use in such procedures. Suggested working dilutions are given as a guide only. It is recommended that the user titrates the product for use in their own system using appropriate negative/positive controls.

<b>Target Species</b>	Viral
<b>Product Form</b>	Purified IgG - liquid
<b>Buffer Solution</b>	Phosphate buffered saline
<b>Preservative Stabilisers</b>	0.09% Sodium Azide (NaN <sub>3</sub> )
<b>Approx. Protein Concentrations</b>	IgG concentration 1.0 mg/ml
<b>Immunogen</b>	Influenza A, Texas 1/77 strain (H3N2).
<b>Specificity</b>	<b>Goat anti Influenza A H3N2 antibody</b> recognizes influenza AH3N2 by haemagglutination inhibition.

Goat anti Influenza A H3N2 antibody does not react with influenza B, RSV, Para 1-3 or Adenovirus, but may react with proteins present on uninfected chicken cells.

Influenza type A viruses are divided into subtypes based on the antigenic differences of two viral surface proteins, hemagglutinin (H) and neuraminidase (N). On infection of the respiratory tract, the hemagglutinin molecule binds to sialic acid-containing receptors on the epithelial cells resulting in endocytosis. Once the virus has been engulfed, the hemagglutinin allows the viral membrane to fuse with the endosomal membrane. Neuraminidase functions to aid viral release from host cells by cleaving terminal sialic acid residues from carbohydrate moieties on the cell surface.

Subtype antigenic variations result from a process known as antigenic drift whereby these surface proteins constantly mutate in order to evade the host immune response.

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<b>Storage</b>	Store at +4°C or at -20°C if preferred. Storage in frost-free freezers is not recommended. This product should be stored undiluted. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing as this may denature the antibody. Should this product contain a precipitate we recommend microcentrifugation before use.
<b>Shelf Life</b>	18 months from date of despatch.
<b>Health And Safety Information</b>	Material Safety Datasheet documentation #10040 available at: 10040: <a href="https://www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/uploads/MSDS/10040.pdf">https://www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/uploads/MSDS/10040.pdf</a>
<b>Regulatory</b>	For research purposes only

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## Related Products

### Recommended Secondary Antibodies

Rabbit Anti Goat IgG (Fc) (STAR122...) [FITC](#), [HRP](#)

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